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2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

		Pass Christia	an.	
		Public Water System 1	Name	
		ms0240066	() 1 1 1 1 COD	
		List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Sy		9 800 400 0
a Comust	nsumer Confidence be mailed or delive est. Make sure you , a copy of the CC	ing Water Act (SDWA) requires each Communite Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depreted to the customers, published in a newspaper of follow the proper procedures when distributing R and Certification to the MSDH. Please check	of local circulation, or provided to the the CCR. You must email, fax (but read by that apply.	customers upon not preferred) or
	Customers were	informed of availability of CCR by: (Attack		ther)
		☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach co	ppy of advertisement)	
		☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
		☐ Email message (Email the message to t	he address below)	
	П	☐ Other		
	Date(s) custon	mers were informed: / /2020	/ /2020 / /20	20
X	methods used		rect delivery. Must specify other	direct delivery
	Date Mailed/	Distributed: 6/17/20		
		buted by Email (Email MSDH a copy)		
	Ц	□ As a URL	(Provide	le Direct URL)
		☐ As an attachment		
		☐ As text within the body of the email me	essage	
	CCR was publi	shed in local newspaper. (Attach copy of pub	blished CCR <u>or</u> proof of publication)
	Name of Nev	vspaper:		
	Date Publishe	ed:/		
		d in public places. (Attach list of locations)		/ 2020
	CCR was poste	ed on a publicly accessible internet site at the		
			(Provid	le Direct URL)
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Nar		sident, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)	Date	
		Submission options (Select on	e method ONLY)	
	5 K IN (1:0	D. (c.1.O. miles)	Email: water reports@msdh.ms.	.gov

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700

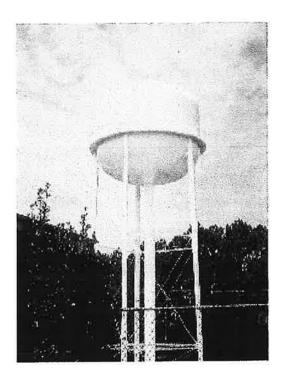
Jackson, MS 39215

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

PASS CHRISTIAN HARRISON COUNTY, Mississippi PWS ID NO. MS0240066

2019 Annual Water Report



DEFINITIONS

In the table below you will find many terms and abbreviations you may not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions

Non-Detects (ND)- laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L) - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Positive samples/month— Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive.

NA-Not applicable.

NR-Monitoring not required, but recommended

Action Level (AL) - the concentration of a contaminant, that if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - a treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum contaminant level (MCL) - the "Maximum Allowed" MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the MCLG's as feasible, using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) - the "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MCLG's allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level (MRDL) - the highest level of a distributant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLG's do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

PREPARED BY
UTILITY SERVICES, INC
8717 EDGEWATER BLVD
OCEAN SPRINGS, MS 39564

PASS CHRISTIAN CCR

Harrison County, Mississippl Public Water Supply I.D. No. MS0240086

The Water We Drink - Utility Services, LLC is pleased to present our Annual Water Quality Report for the year 2019. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of your water and the services we deliver to you every day.

Is My Water Safe? Yes, last year your tap water met all U.S. EPA and state drinking water standards. Utility Services diligently safeguards its water supplies and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level (MCL) or any other drinking water quality standards.

Do I need to take any special precautions? Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/Aids or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk for infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care provides. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Where does my Water come from? The water sources for Pass Christian are as follows: Well No. 024066-01, School Street, Graham Ferry Formation; Well No. 024066-03, 3rd Avenue, Miocene Aquifer System Source Water Assessment and its availability - A Source Water Assessment Plan (SWAP) is available from the Mississippi State Department of Health for this system. This Plan is an assessment of a delineated area around our listed source through which contaminants, if present, could migrate and reach our source water. It also includes an inventory of potential sources of contamination within the defineated area, and a determination of the water supply's susceptibility to contamination by the identified potential sources.

Why are there contaminants is my Drinking Water? Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water pose a health risk. More information about confaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled) include rivers, takes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the lend or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife. Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production, and mining activities. In order to ensure that your tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved? In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply, we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all our customers. If you have a particular question about your water supply, please contact Aaron Dominey@ 1-855-340-0111.

Additional Information for Lead - If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Pass Christian Water supply is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Holline or at http://www.epa.gow/safewater.lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact (601) 576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. Monitoring & Reporting of Compliance Data Violations

Beginning January 1, 2004, the Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary disinfectant to monitor/lest for chlorine residuals as required by the Stage 1 Disinfection By-Products Rule. We did complete the monitoring requirements and found no Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) violations.

Disi	rection by-Products Rule	e. We did complete the	monitoring requiremen					
13	Bustelinda	Sampling Period	Range (Low/High)	MCL RAA*	Units	RAA Date	RAA Your Water	Typical Source
- 4	Residuals				-	2019	0.80	Water additive used to control microbes
	Chlorine	Jan-Dec 2019	0.71 0.86	4.0	mg/L	2013	0.00	

During a sanitary survey conducted on 10/18/2019, Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

1. Condition of Source Facilities. Corrective Actions: This system is enrolled in the MSDH well abandonment program and is awaiting funds. The anticipated abandonment date is

The water system was tested a minimum of one (1) monthly sample in accordance with the Total Coliform Rule. During the monitoring period covered by this report, the following detections were noted: There were NO positive bacteriological samples during the monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019.

In the table below, we have shown the drinking water contaminants that were detected. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing. The EPA or the State required us to monitor for certain contaminant less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently.

DATE MCL		MCL	UNIT	YOUR WATER	HEALTH EFFECTS	VIOLATION
LEAD	2016/2018	15 MG/L	PPB	0.002 MG/L	CORROSION OF HOUSEHOLD PLUMBING SYSTEMS; EROSION	NO
LEAD	2010/2010	10 MOL			OF NATURAL DEPOSITS CORROSION OF HOUSEHOLD PLUMBING SYSTEMS; EROSION	NO
COPPER	2016/2018	1.3 MG/L	PPM	0.1 MG/L	OF NATURAL DEPOSITS; LEACHING OF FRO WOOD PRESERVATIVES	

INORGANIC COMPOUNDS

lis .	T ANALYTE I	METHOD	RESULT	MCL	DATE
ID	ANALYTE		0.0061PPM	2 PPM	2018
1010	BARIUM	200.8			2018
1020	CHROMIUM	200.8	0.001 PPM	0.1 PPM	
	FLUORIDE	300.0	0.26 PPM	4 PPM	2018
1025			0.27 PPM	4 PPM	2018
1025	FLUORIDE	300.0			2018
1010	BARIUM	200.8	0.0061PPM	2 PPM	2010

man de la colorada	Sample Date	MCL	Unit	Your Water	Violation	Typical Source
DBP Contaminants					No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
aloacetic Acids, Total (HAA5)	7/31/2018	60	ppb	3.0		
rihalomethanes, Total (TTHM)	07/31/2018	80	dag	4,40	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection

Thank you for allowing us to continue to provide your family with clean, quality safe drinking water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply, we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers. Please call our office if you have any questions.

We at UtilityServices, work around the clock to provide top quality drinking water to every tap of every customer of the Pass Christian Isle Water System. We ask that all our customers help us to protect and conserve our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future.